Mathematical Foundations of Computer Science

Constructor University Dr. Jürgen Schönwälder

Problem Sheet #11

Problem 11.1: group of self-inverses is abelian

(1 point)

Module: CH-233

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Due: 2025-11-21

Let (G, \circ, e) be a group. Show that if $a^2 = e$ for all $a \in G$, then G is an abelian group.

Problem 11.2: group of automorphisms with composition

(2 points)

Let $G=(S,\star)$ be a group. Let A be the set of all group automorphisms $f:G\to G$. Show that $H=(A,\circ)$ is a group with \circ representing the composition of automorphisms in A.

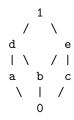
Problem 11.3: lattices and sublattices

(3+1+2+1 = 7 points)

Let $L=(S,\sqcup,\sqcap)$ be a lattice. The lattice $K=(S',\sqcup,\sqcap)$ is called a sublattice of L if S' is a non-empty subset of S and the following closure property holds:

$$\forall x, y \in S' : (x \sqcup y) \in S' \land (x \sqcap y) \in S'$$

Consider the following Hasse diagram:



- a) Show that this Hasse diagram represents a lattice.
- b) Is the lattice represented by the Hasse diagram distributive? Proof why or why not.
- c) Determine all elements of the lattice that have a complement.
- d) Does the set of all elements having a complement form a sublattice? Explain why or why not.